



Understanding *Urinary Tract Infections*

A basic guide to keeping your bladder healthy

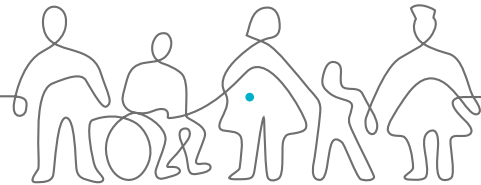


About this booklet

Since our founding in 1957, we have worked closely together with healthcare professionals and users to create products and solutions that are sensitive to their needs. This journey has given us a deep understanding of continence issues and we know that urinary tract infections (UTIs) are particularly concerning for catheter users. In this booklet, we will answer some of the most common questions around UTIs. We have also gathered some facts and helpful advice that can help you keep your bladder healthy in order to minimise the risk of UTIs.

Coloplast develops products and services that make life easier for people with very personal and private medical conditions. At Coloplast, we understand what you're going through because we've helped hundreds of thousands of people living with an intimate healthcare condition. Our goal is to help you find the right products and solutions to lead an active, rewarding life.

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Concerned about UTIs? You're not alone

The precise cause of UTIs is unclear, and while there are several practical steps you can take to reduce your risk of having one, you should always consult a healthcare professional if you get one, or if you have questions.

On the following pages you will find some good advice, grouped into three areas to give you a simple overview:

- Hygiene
- Routine & compliance
- Catheter options

A widespread issue. UTIs are a common issue for many catheter users. If you have worries, or feel uncertain about how to reduce your risk of UTIs, you're not alone. Indeed, with many catheter users experiencing two or more UTIs every year, they represent a significant source of concern.

¹ Source: IC user survey (Countries: US, UK, DE, NL, FR, IT), January 2016 (n=2942)

What catheter users told us¹

81% say not having UTIs would represent good bladder health

Users have an average of
2.7
UTIs per year



UTIs are a daily concern for
41%
of all intermittent catheter users

45% consider UTIs one of the greatest issues in their life

What is a UTI?

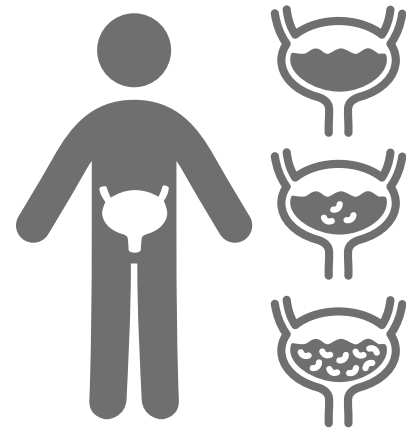
A **UTI** is only diagnosed when there are bacteria in the urine **and** the user is experiencing one or more of the symptoms mentioned on the next page.

In most people, urine is sterile (free from germs or bacteria), and the presence of bacteria in the urinary tract does not necessarily cause a UTI. If, however, the bacteria grow and multiply to a certain level, they may cause an infection of the urinary tract and may need to be treated.

Anybody can get a UTI though there is a higher risk if you are a catheter user. Women also tend to get more UTIs due to their comparatively shorter urethra (the channel through which urine is passed) which gives easier access for bacteria to enter into the bladder.



It is important that you seek and follow the advice of your healthcare provider in the diagnosis and treatment of a UTI.



How can I tell if I have a UTI?

If **you have** any of the signs and symptoms¹ detailed below, it indicates the possibility of an infection. However you might not feel pain and bladder irritation if the nerves to your bladder are affected. Remember, a UTI will only be diagnosed when there are **also** bacteria in the urine. You should always consult your healthcare provider to confirm the diagnosis and get the appropriate treatment:



Fever/sweating



Flank pain (area below the ribs and above the pelvis)



Pain when urinating



Shivering and increased muscle spasms in the body and bladder



Increased frequency of urination



Dark-coloured and strong-smelling urine



Increased urge to urinate



Cloudy/ bloody urine

¹ Grabe et al. 2015, EAU Guidelines on Urological Infections.

How does the bladder work?

Understanding how a healthy bladder functions is helpful as that is the process healthcare professionals try to reproduce with the use of catheters. When the bladder is working optimally, people should feel the urge to go to the toilet when their bladder is partly full and they can decide if it is the proper time to urinate. Passing urine is ideally a controlled and voluntary activity. The key to bladder health is emptying regularly and completely.

The bladder is situated in the lower urinary tract together with the urethral sphincters (closing muscles) and the urethra (the tube that leads urine from the bladder to the outside opening). The bladder stores urine until the urethra carries it out of the body.



Bladder activity is regulated by your brain and the nervous system. The net of muscles in the bladder has stretch receptors, which respond when the bladder begins to fill with urine. All the stretch receptors are connected to nerves, which send signals up through the spine to the brain that it's soon time to urinate.

When people normally feel the urge to urinate, the first reaction is to squeeze the sphincter muscles. This lifts the pelvic floor in order to hold the urine inside the body until it's convenient to urinate. When it's a convenient time to urinate, the brain sends the message back that it's OK to release the urine.

People should optimally urinate 4-8 times a day, and to minimise the risk of UTI it's important to empty the bladder completely, as urine left in the bladder can cause urinary tract infections.

If you cannot empty your bladder naturally, it is important to empty using a catheter. If you use an intermittent catheter, you should catheterise as often as your healthcare provider recommends - which is typically 4-6 times per day.



Maintain good personal hygiene

UTIs may result when bacteria –perhaps left behind after improper hand washing, or present near the urethral opening – are introduced into the urinary tract when you catheterise.

That's why it's important to wash your hands with soap and water before carefully cleaning around the urethral opening or urethra before inserting your intermittent catheter. Alternatively, disinfect your hands thoroughly before cleaning around the urethral opening or urethra.

Also, be careful how you clean yourself after urinating or after a bowel movement. Wipe from front to back so that bacteria from your anal area are not pushed into the urethral opening or urethra. It is a good idea to discuss optimal bowel emptying habits with your healthcare provider.



Hygiene

Regularly empty your bladder completely

Each time you catheterise, you remove urine in the bladder along with any bacteria that might be present in it. That's why it's important to create a regular flow through the bladder in order to "flush" it with fresh fluid during the day. See the [next page](#)^[make link interactive] for advice about drinking fluids.

Maintaining a catheterisation schedule can thus help prevent UTIs. You should empty your bladder completely, as often as your healthcare provider recommends – which is typically 4-6 times per day.



Routine and compliance

Drink 6-8 glasses of fluid every day

Every person needs daily fluids to maintain their health. The recommended daily amount for almost everybody is 6-8 glasses per day. If you are in doubt as to the amount that is best for you based on your medical condition(s), consult your healthcare provider


Water is the ideal choice. Beverages containing caffeine (cola, coffee, tea and some energy drinks) and artificial sweeteners are known bladder irritants and may need to be kept to a minimum.




Routine and compliance

Check if you empty often enough

Every once in a while, measure the amount of urine you empty. Your goal should be to empty between 250 ml and 400 ml as this helps you avoid overfilling your bladder and prevents leaking. If you empty more than 400 ml, or less than 150 ml, you should consult your healthcare provider.

 If the amount of urine you empty is in the yellow or red areas, you should consult your healthcare provider.





Routine and compliance

Out and about

It is important to maintain your catheterisation schedule when you are out and about. However, being in an environment you're not used to might make it difficult to stick to your usual routine. Being fully prepared for any eventuality can help you overcome that.

Consider pre-packing a kit so you have all the supplies you might need. The checklist on this page can help you prepare.

There are also catheters developed especially for use outside of the home such as catheters with sleeves or catheters with drainage bags.



You will find an overview of Coloplast range of intermittent catheters on the [last page](#). Contact us if you would like to know more:

mail@coloplast.com | Phone: 1-855-863-3907



Checklist

- Catheters (always bring extra)
- Extra underwear and maybe extra pants
- Antibacterial gel or hand-wash
- Paper towels or tissues
- Wet wipes
- Plastic bags (for used accessories, used catheters or wet garments)
- Handheld mirror (women)

Routine and compliance

Use a sterile catheter every time you catheterise

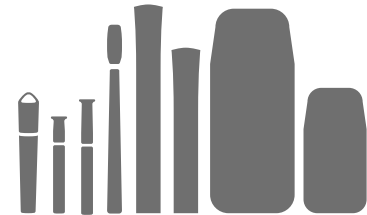
To prevent UTIs, we recommend you use a new, sterile well-lubricated catheter every time you catheterise.

A coated catheter (hydrophilic-coated or pre-lubricated) can help lessen friction as you insert and remove your catheter. It makes catheterisation more comfortable and convenient. Studies, data and findings also link them to lower rates of infection^{1,2} and less urethral damage^{1,3,4} compared with other catheters.



You will find an overview of Coloplast range of intermittent catheters on the [last page](#). Contact us if you would like to know more:

mail@coloplast.com | Phone: 1-855-863-3907



Catheter options

¹ Cardenas et al. 2011, ² De Ridder et al. 2005, ³ Stensballe et al. 2005, ⁴ Sutherland et al. 1996.

Choose a catheter that suits your lifestyle

Different lifestyles or everyday activities sometimes require different intermittent catheterisation solutions. Catheters come in many variants: standard length catheters, compact catheters that can fit into your purse or pocket and catheter sets where a urine bag is attached to the catheter.

Finding the right catheter is a very personal choice and the best one for you might not be the first one that you try. Research shows that being satisfied with your catheter solution is very important for maintaining your schedule and thereby ensuring good bladder health^{1,2}. That's why it is important to find the catheter solution that suits you. You might need to try different ones to find one that fits you the best.



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Catheter options

¹ Barbosa et al.2012, ² Wyndaele JJ Spinal Cord 2002

Remember, your overall health is important too

The advice in this booklet is intended to answer some of the most common questions you have about UTIs, and to help minimise your risk of getting one. It is also important to remember the importance of staying in good overall health. By getting enough sleep, eating healthily and exercising regularly, you will strengthen your immune system and increase your chances of preventing UTIs.



You should always follow the specific instructions provided by your healthcare provider, and those included with your intermittent catheterisation solution. If you still suffer from frequent UTIs despite all these precautions, talk to your healthcare provider for more advice.



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“Here goes a testimonial that either stands alone or fits the user story on the next page.”

User, age, country



User story

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¹Coloplast sales data, GERS, IMS, Assobiomedica, Nefemed, PCA, 2015/16

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